



Vilnius film industry



The smooth growth of the film industry is due to the professionals working in the industry, Lithuanian Film Centre and Vilnius Film Office activities and a friendly regulatory and tax system, which allows to remain competitive in the Baltic States and Eastern Europe.



Film industry professionals







Vilnius Film Office

Diverse cultural experience Regulatory and tax framework

Since 2014, a film tax incentive for film production came into force in Lithuania (up to 20% for the first five years, and up to 30% of the film production budget since 2019).



Regulatory and tax framework

The Lithuanian Film Centre under the Ministry of Culture, implementing the film-related policy of the Ministry of Culture, aims to promote the development of the country's film sector and support the Lithuanian film industry by providing funding for film projects every year.



Lithuanian film industry facts&figures 2017-2021

The increasing amount of film projects and their budgets – foreign and national productions – reveal the real situation. Particularly notable is the growth of Lithuanian film projects, which account for the majority of all films shot in Lithuania.



Thanks to the favourable system, highly qualified film industry professionals, and the architectural diversity of Vilnius, foreign filmmakers come shoot films and TV series.

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About the analysis



The goal is to assess the economic impact of film projects in Vilnius.

The main **tasks** of the economic impact assessment of film projects for the city of Vilnius were identified based on the specification of the Terms of Reference:

- 1. Assess the economic impact that the production of film projects brings to the city of Vilnius;
- 2. Define the size of the film industry in Vilnius;
- 3. Identify the weaknesses, strengths, threats and opportunities of the film industry in Vilnius;
- 4. Develop recommendations on ways to strengthen the film industry in Vilnius.

The **following methods** were used to assess the economic impact of film projects for the city of Vilnius:

- 1. Qualitative interviews with the representatives of the film industry. In order to collect data from representatives of the film industry operating in Vilnius City, qualitative interviews were conducted between August and October 2022, involving 15 respondents representing the film industry;
- 2. Analysis of publicly available information sources and statistics;
- 3. Analysis of secondary information sources, best international practices and studies of similar nature.

When preparing the analysis of the cost-benefit assessment of film projects for the city of Vilnius, the following limitations were encountered:

- 1. The economic impact assessment is defined on the basis of assumptions derived from expert interviews, and relative values derived from analysing film production budgets and applying the resulting proportions of the main expenditure groups to the entire sample;
- 2. When evaluating value-added, not only is the production of films and videos included, but also the production of TV programmes in general, because according to the classification of economic activities (NACE Rev. 2), J5911 includes entities engaged in the production of motion pictures, video films and television programmes.



Organisations active in the film industry





88

Production companies



22

Distributors



12

Advertising production companies



6

Animation production companies



11

Film festivals and events



19

Organisations and institutions

In 2022, the number of organizsations operating in the film industry and registered in Vilnius was 174. Most of the organisations in the film industry (88 companies) are classified as production enterprises (production companies, post-production companies). There are 22 distribution companies, 12 advertising and 6 animation production companies registered in Vilnius. The film industry is united by 19 organisations and institutions (associations), and 11 film festivals and events are organised in Vilnius. There are 16 companies operating in the film industry but engaged in other activities.

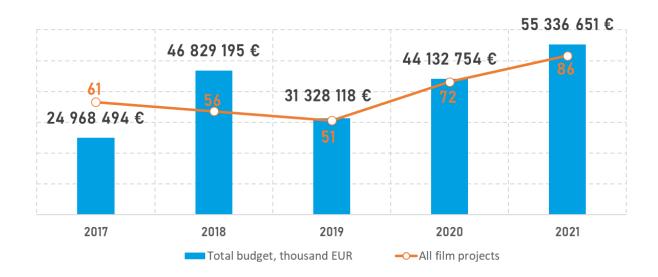
The core of the film industry is made up of micro and small enterprises (up to 50 employees), which are mostly focused on one segment of the value chain. It is difficult to quantify the number of enterprises active in the film industry, since not all enterprises involved in the production of film projects are registered under one code of the classification of economic activities (NACE Rev. 2) (J5911).

Film projects and their budgets





Film projects receiving profit tax incentive and LFC support, EUR, No. of projects



The number of film projects (production companies — entities registered in Vilnius) that benefited from the tax incentive and received LFC national funding increased by 41% between 2017 and 2021. In 2021, a total of 86 film projects were produced in Lithuania, with a total budget of more than EUR 55.3 million.

Changes in the volume of film projects by type of film project (2017-2021)

	Co-productions	National productions	Foreign productions	Animated film production
Total budget	↓50 per cent	↑1.9 times	↑6.3 times	↑7.5 times
Number of projects	↓26 per cent	↑1.6 times	↑3 times	↑1.5 times



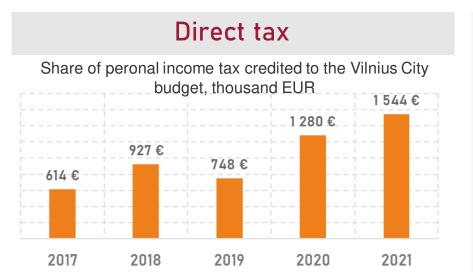
Taxes paid to the Vilnius municipal budget



Personal income tax is a direct tax which, after being redistributed according to the statutory requirements, is paid into the budget of Vilnius City.

Fees paid for the use of paid parking spaces – indirect tax (municipal levy), which goes into the budget of Vilnius City

Municipality.



The share of personal income tax paid on the salary of people working in film projects credited to the Vilnius City Municipality budget has been growing steadily over the period 2017-2021, with the share of the personal income tax collected in 2021 increasing by 2.5 times in comparison to 2017. In 2021, **around EUR 1.5 million** of personal income tax was credited to the Vilnius City Municipality budget.

Indirect tax

Amount of fees for parking credited to the budget of Vilnius City, EUR



The toll for the use of paid parking spaces charged to the budget of Vilnius City Municipality increased more than 16 times in the period 2017-2021, and the total amount of the toll collected was more than EUR 281 thousand. In 2020, in order to mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the film industry, Vilnius Film Office signed tripartite agreements (Vilnius Film Office, production company and Vilnius City Council) for the co-financing of the blue parking zone in the city.

Direct economic impact (1)



Production costs



Total production costs of film projects, thousands EUR

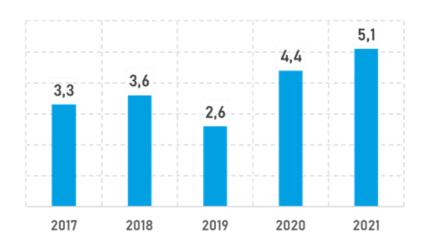


The period 2017-2021 has seen a rapid increase in the production costs of film projects. In 2021, the total amount of budgets more than doubled compared to 2017, reaching around EUR 55.3 million in 2021. Figures from 2018 were relatively large as two very big commissioned films were filmed in Lithuania.

Employment



Jobs created by the production of film projects, thousands



The number of jobs created between 2017 and 2021 has been uneven, as the number of jobs created depends directly on the type of film project (national, co-production, foreign) and the size of the project. In 2021, the number of jobs created by the production of film projects in Vilnius city could be around 5,000. Compared to 2017, the number of jobs in 2021 increased 1.5 times.

Direct economic impact (2)



Salary paid



Staff salaries from film project budgets, thousands EUR

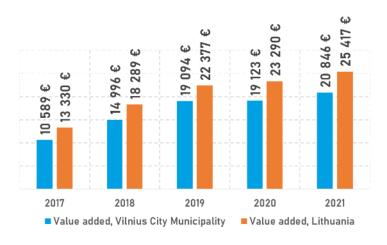


As the number of jobs created has increased, so has the amount spent on staff remuneration. In 2021, around EUR 16.2 million was allocated to salaries. Compared to 2017, the share of salary paid in 2021 has risen 1.8 times.

Added value



Value added in the production of films, videos and television programmes, thousands EUR



In Vilnius City Municipality, the value added* from the production of films, videos and TV programmes in the period 2017-2021 has almost doubled, reaching EUR 20.8 million in 2021. This accounted for 82% of the total value added in the production of films, videos and TV programmes in Lithuania.

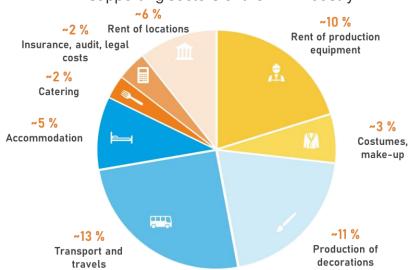
^{*} The value added calculation includes the value added generated by the production of films and videos, but also by the production of TV programmes.

Indirect economic impact



Budget breakdown

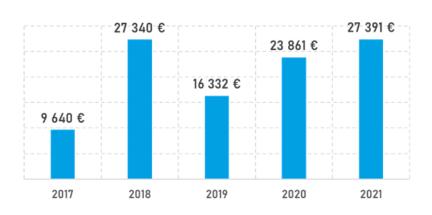
Distribution of film production budgets by supporting sectors of the film industry



largest share film of the production budget is spent transport and travel (around 13% of the total), followed by: production of decorations (around 11%) and production equipment rent (around 10%).

Income from film projects

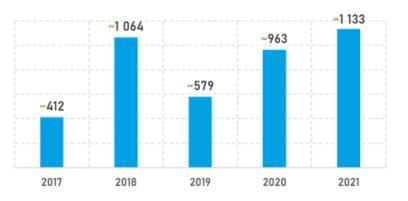
Revenue from the production of film projects, thousand EUR



Revenue from film production projects has been growing steadily over the period 2017-2021. In 2021, the revenue generated increased by around 2.8 times compared to 2017, reaching around EUR 27.3 million in 2021.

Employment

Number of jobs created, units



In 2021, the expected number of employees related to servicing film production projects was more than 1,000 and increased around 2.7 times between 2017 and 2021.



Strengths/weaknesses



Strengths

- Active efforts of the Vilnius Film Office in cooperation with representatives of the Lithuanian and foreign film industries;
- Effectively operating Vilnius Film Office, contributing to the promotion of Vilnius at the most important professional events of the film industry in Europe;
- The film industry is recognised by the city as one of the most important priority areas of the CCIs (Cultural and Creative industries);
- City leaders' actions to promote the city of Vilnius and its achievements at various international events;
- Favourable attitude of the representatives of the city towards film projects;
- Globally recognised film projects have been implemented in Vilnius to promote the city;
- Vilnius is unique in its architecture and the variety of epochs, but at the same time it is compact and convenient for the production of film projects;
- A wide variety of public locations in the city;
- A large number of accommodation facilities and their variety (from B&B to 5*);
- Large number and variety of cafes and restaurants;
- A wide choice of high-quality services that meet the standards of EU cities;
- A safe city (for incoming world-class stars);
- Convenient commuting links (easy to get out of the city and into the countryside). This reduces filming time;
- Vilnius Film Office participates in the activities of two international film associations – the European Film Commissions Network (EUFCN) and the Association of Film Commissioners International (AFCI).

Weaknesses

- Limited supply of infrastructure suitable for indoor filming (film studios, pavilions);
- Increasing rentals for municipality-owned, state-owned and private locations;
- Increasing parking fees;
- Limited capacity of Vilnius Film Office (lack of funding);
- Lack of systematic approach of the city to the funding of film education programmes (the tender is held once every 3 years, with a budget of 50 000 EUR);
- Vilnius City has no cinema or film fund to finance national/coproduction film projects or support filmmakers (e.g. Riga, Tartu, Prague, Vienna, Lublin, Krakow);
- Fam trips are not funded and organised;
- Limited city marketing budget to promote Vilnius as a film location internationally;
- Limited number of direct flights to Vilnius.

Opportunities/threats



Opportunities

- Efficiency of the film profit tax incentive;
- Cooperation between the film industry and the private sector in implementing the investment project of the new film studio/pavilions;
- Cooperation with educational institutions in training professionals in the film industry;
- Growing potential for film tourism (promotion of Vilnius city through foreign and local channels).

Threats

- Changes in profit tax incentives regulation;
- Tax incentives of popular competing locations (e.g. Prague, Budapest, etc.), increased competitiveness;
- Availability of infrastructure (film studios, pavilions) in popular locations (e.g. Prague, Budapest, Warsaw, Bucharest, Varna, etc.).
 Infrastructure projects for the film industry are being developed with state and city support (e.g. in Tallinn);
- The issue of upgrading infrastructure suitable for indoor filming (film studios, pavilions);
- Lack of human resources (operators, lighting technicians, artists, sound technicians, special effects specialists, location managers);
- Outflow of skilled professionals and talent (emigration);
- Limited number of study programmes available in higher education institutions, lack of professional education training in the film industry;
- Changes in the economic situation: inflation, prices on energy resources, increased prices of various services and goods.



Recommendations and suggestions (1)



For the City of Vilnius

- Establish a regional Vilnius City Fund to finance film projects and support filmmakers (e.g. Riga, Tartu, Prague, Lublin, Krakow);
- o Implementation of the investment project for a new film studio. Infrastructure, like film studios and pavilions, is particularly important in order to attract larger foreign film projects, and there is currently a lack of it. It is noted that it is already difficult to compete with geographically close European cities (Prague, Budapest), which can offer more developed infrastructure. Based on good practices in foreign countries, some competitor cities (e.g. Tallinn) are developing joint projects involving the central government, the city and the film industry. One of the proposed solutions or alternatives to the infrastructure issue is PPP (public private partnership).
- o Increase the frequency and funding of the grants for educational programmes. Vilnius City Municipality organises a competition for the funding of film education programmes, which aims to foster the activities of film education and the dissemination of film culture in Vilnius City and to promote the creative expression of film culture and filmmakers. Currently, the calls for applications are announced once in 3 years, and in 2020, EUR 50 thousand were allocated for the competition of film education programmes. In order to increase the participation of the film industry in the competition for the funding of film education programmes, the amount of funding and the frequency of publication of the competition should be reviewed.
- Strengthen the capacity of the Vilnius Film Office. Increase the funding and number of staff.
- Fund the fam trips (in cooperation with Baltic and neighbouring countries);
- Integrate the services provided by municipal enterprises (one-stop shop) into the application form for filming permits (electricity, water, Grinda services);

Recommendations and proposals (2)



For the City of Vilnius

- In cooperation with other Baltic and Nordic countries, join Nordisk Film & TV Fund, other regional cooperation formats or initiatives;
- Increase cooperation with larger neighbouring foreign cities (e.g., Poland) to strengthen the number of joint projects in the film industry;
- Expand the service of filming permits in Vilnius in the field of advertising. Currently, Vilnius Film Office provides a
 film permit service only for films;
- Increase funding for the marketing of the Vilnius Film Office. Consider the possibility of updating the Vilnius Film Office website, increasing cooperation with Go Vilnius (using the Go Vilnius website for advertising), prepare a promotional presentation about the Vilnius film industry, which could be presented by the municipality representatives to foreign representatives during conferences.
- Exploit the potential of film tourism in Vilnius. Effective tourism destinations and focused tourism marketing management, service quality, tourism products and environment creation are important in order to create a competitive city with tourist flows. Film tourism is one of the opportunities for creating tourist attractions. Films and TV series that are popular and win awards globally allow viewers to connect with characters and filming locations, and prompt them to visit the places where the project was produced. It is proposed to implement marketing measures aimed at target audiences in cooperation with the public institution Go Vilnius, the national tourism development agency Lithuania Travel and inbound tour operators. It is also proposed to develop specialised film tourism products for potentially attractive markets and tourist segments (film/series → market and target audience → marketing tools).



Results (1)



Orgnisations operating in the Vilnius film industry (2022)



88

Production companies



22

Distributors



12

Advertising production companies



Animation production companies



Film festivals and events



Trends in film projects (2017-2021)



Co-productions

↓50 %
Total budget

↓26 %
Number of projects



National productions

↑1.9 times
Total budget

↑1.6 times
Number of projects



Foreign productions

↑6.3 times
Total budget

†3 times
Number of projects



Animated film production

↑7.5 times
Total budget

↑1.5 times
Number of projects

Results (2)



Benefits for Vilnius City*



5.1 million EUR

Share of personal income tax from the production of film projects credited to the budget of Vilnius City



281 thousand EUR

Share of parking fees from film production projects received by Vilnius City budget

Benefits for the film industry*



202.2 million EUR

Production costs for film projects



51.7 million EUR

Staff remuneration costs



~19 thousand

Jobs created



84.6 million EUR

Added value created

Impact on sectors supporting the film industry*



104.5 million EUR

Revenue generated from the production of film projects



~3.9 thousand

Jobs created in supporting sectors